

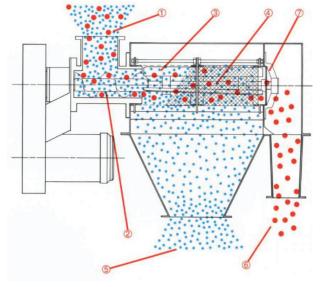
Rotary Sifters





KEY FEATURES

- Standard stainless steel body and hoppers with numerous internal construction options
- Greater capacity per square inch of screen cloth, providing more output using a smaller footprint than competitors
- Three bearings for improved rotor support and minimal wear to shaft seals
- Fully adjustable multi-paddle rotor for customized screening capability
- Rapid-removal of rotor specially designed for quick cleaning and maintenance
- Easily-inspected screens, either in place or when removed
- Adjustable screen frame designed for improved performance from a variety of screen fabrics
- Easy access to all internal working parts
- Low-noise, dust-tight, vibration-free operation without the need for external guarding
- Optional patented Rota-Trap® for pre-screening large-sized foreign materials
- Optional quick-clean designs with tool-free removal of internal parts
- Optional sanitary finishes and construction for specialty applications
- Options for compliance with USDA, FDA, BISSC, 3-A, and other U.S. and European regulators



Step-By-Step Operational Flow

- 1 Material to be processed is fed into Rota-Sieve inlet
- 2 The auger then feeds the material into the screen area
- 3 The rotating blades of the rotor assembly
- 4 Spread the material across the screen
- 5 The product (minus the screen size) passes through the screen
- 6 The overs (plus the screen size) of up to 15% are conveyed forward and discharged
- 7 The retaining baffle ring limits discharging material to oversize particles only, improving screening efficiency

Typical Application Products Handled

Alfalfa, Ground Alumina Ascorbic Acid **Baby Foods Baking Soda Bone Meal** Rentonite Borax Cake Mix Calcium Carbonate Carbon Black Casein Cheese Powder Chalk Coal, Powdered Cocoa Powder Coke, Powdered Corn Meal Dehydrated Vegetables Detergent Dextrose Diatomaceous Earth Donut Mix Eggs, Powdered

Epoxy Resin

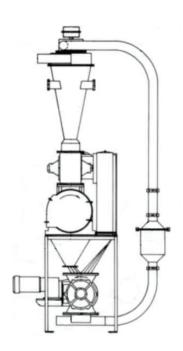
Epoxy Powder Coatings

Fertilizer, Chemical

Fire Extinguisher Powder Fish Meal Flour, Various Fungicide Gypsum Herbicide Hulls, Ground Iron Oxide Limestone Meal, Soybean Metallic Powders Milk Powder Phenolic Resin Pigments, Various Protein Salt Silica Soap Sodium Bicarbonate Spices Starch, Various Sugar Talcum Titanium Dioxide Tobacco, Ground

Vitamins

Whey, Powdered



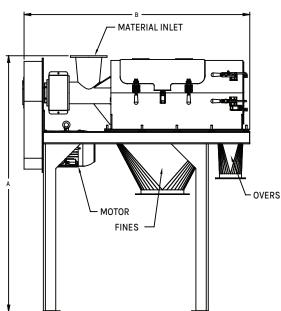
Rota-Sieve Centrifugal Sifter And Scalper Standard Features

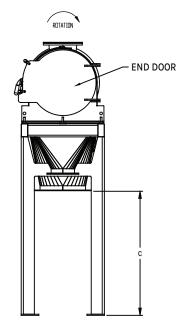


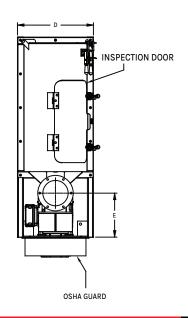
GENERAL DIMENSIONS*

		Effective					
		Screen	Α	В	С	D	E
Model	HP	Area	in	in	in	in	in
Number	Mill	in^2	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
RS-91	3	410	62	55	28.5	19	11
K3-91	3	410	1578	1397	724	483	279
RS-700	3	725	89	61	63	45	11
K3-700	,	725	2261	1549	1600	1143	279
RS-151	5	942	69.5	61.5	29.5	25	14
			1765	1556	743	629	360
RS-301	7.5	1872	80.5	94	33.5	28.5	20
K3-301	7.5	1672	2045	2388	851	724	502

*GENERAL DIMENSIONS ONLY: Do not use for engineering purposes. Please request a certified drawing for all layout or construction uses.







KEY BENEFITS

The simple design and lightweight parts of the Rota-Sieve make standard inspections an easy and straightforward process.

Our rota-sieves are also ideal for the sifting, scalping and classifying of a wide variety of particles and products, including:

- Bulk, free-flowing powders
- Granulated substances
- Agglomerated materials

Our units are easy to maintain and designed for many years of trouble free service. Self-cleaning screen fabrics ensure that the Rota-Sieve® can separate to 200-mesh size without the need for anti-blinding mechanisms.

THEORY OF OPERATION

Prater Rotary Sifters harness the power of centrifugal force to fluidize and accelerate particles toward the screen surface. The sifter inlet is specially fitted with an auger that moves materials into the screening chamber, where rotor paddles accelerate the particles outward. Finer particles pass through the screen and are discharged into a large hopper. Rotor paddles are precisely pitched to force coarser material to the end of the chamber, where they are expelled into a separate discharge hopper. Over-size and near-size particles interact with the screening surface during operation, causing a natural vibration in the fabric that enhances free flow.